Low-lying Roads: Truro

Project funded by the Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness Program

Purpose and Objectives of Public Meeting

- Overview of Low-lying Roads
 Project
- Review adaptation alternatives for priority low-lying roads
 - Discuss advantages and disadvantages of green, gray, and hybrid alternatives

Agenda

- Project Overview
- Town staff comments
- Presentation of conceptual design alternatives
 - Shore Rd
 - Stotts Crossing
- Questions, comments, and discussion
- Next Steps

Low Lying Roads

Barnstable Bourne Brewster Dennis Eastham

Orleans Sandwich Truro Wellfleet Yarmouth Flooding vulnerability assessment of low-lying roads and transportation infrastructure

Support municipal road segment prioritization

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Identify range of potential design solutions, costs

Work performed by Cape Cod Commission and Woods Hole Group

PROJECT TIMELINE



Summer 2022

Additional Context & Information

Detailed information on webpages:

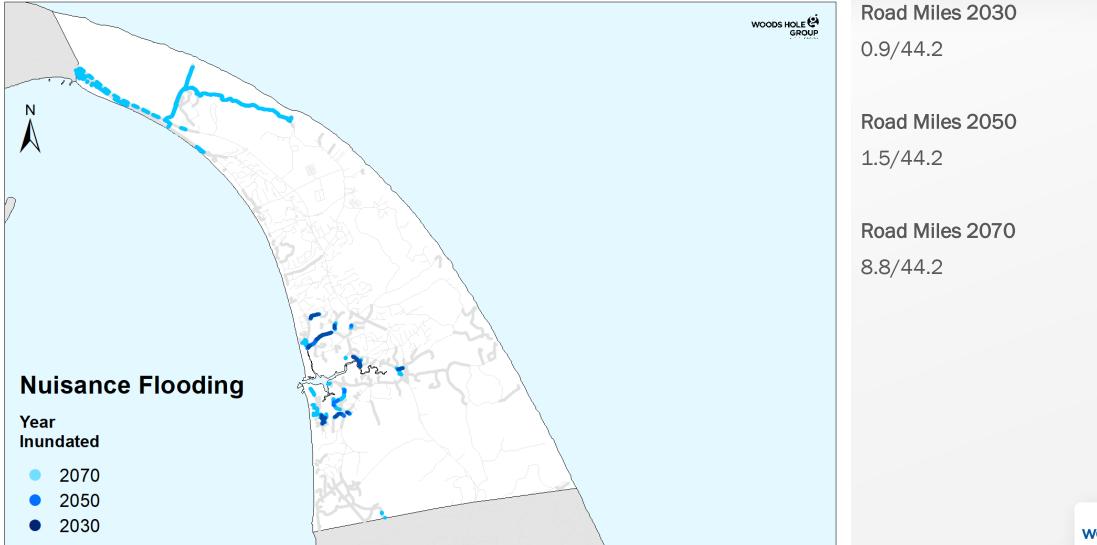
https://www.capecodcommission.org/our -work/low-lying-roads-project/

Other Truro road projects – town comments?

Clarifying questions

Format for meeting

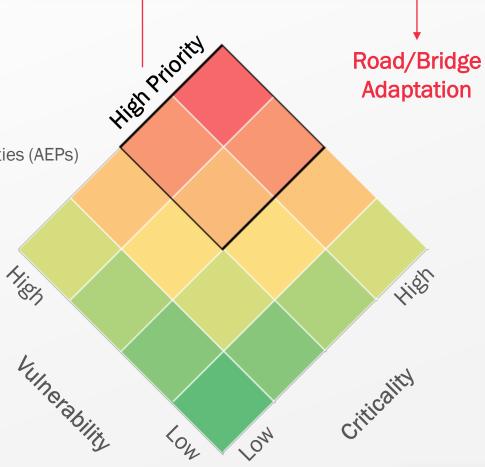
Low Lying Roads Nuisance Flooding (Truro)



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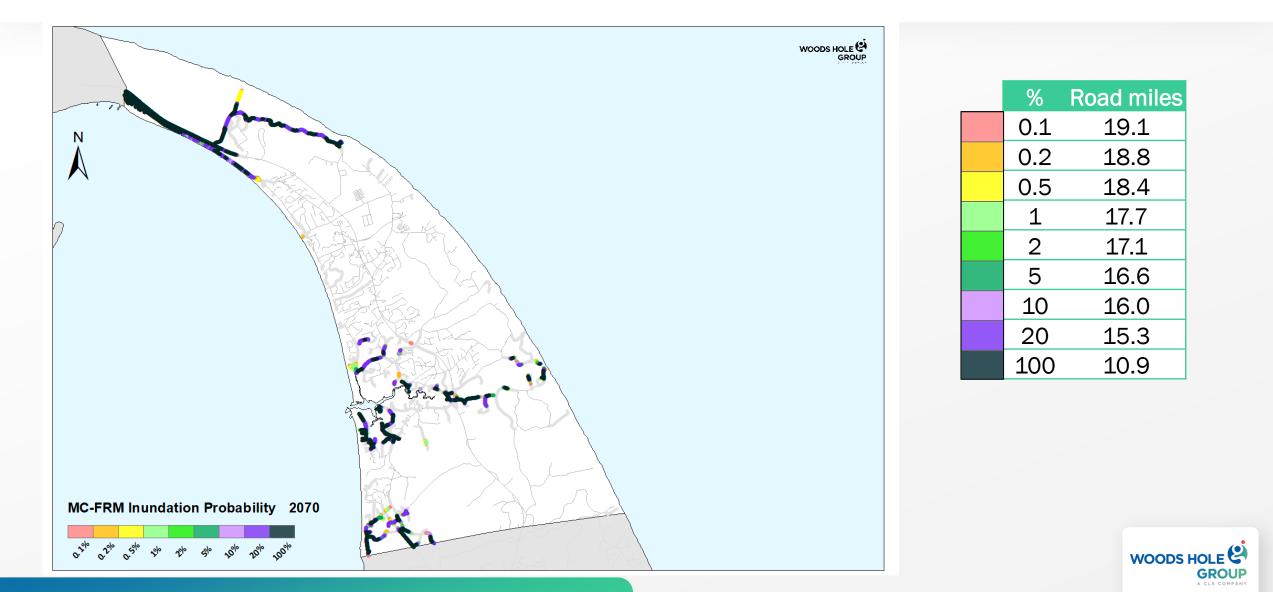
Cape Cod Low Lying Roads Risk Assessment Approach

- 1. Extract roadway/bridge critical elevations (CEs)
 - > From LiDAR at 20m interval along surface
- 2. Compile 2030/2050/2070 MC-FRM water surface elevations (WSEs)
 - 0.1%, 0.2%, 0.5%, 1%, 2%, 5%, 10%, 20%, 100% Annual Exceedance Probabilities (AEPs)
- 3. Compare CEs to WSEs to determine vulnerability
 - Highest probability WSE exceeding CE
- 4. Score road segment criticality
 - Usage/Network Function
 - Economy
 - Vulnerable Populations
 - Community and Emergency Services
- 5. Probability * Criticality = Risk
- 6. Prioritize high-risk road segments for community consideration

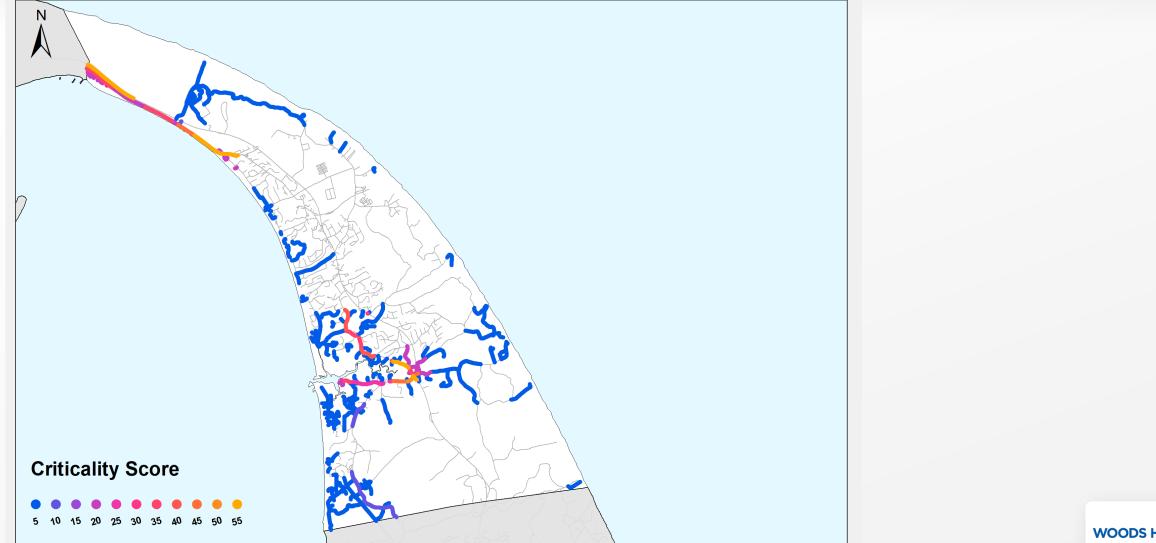




Low Lying Roads 2070 Inundation Probability (Truro)

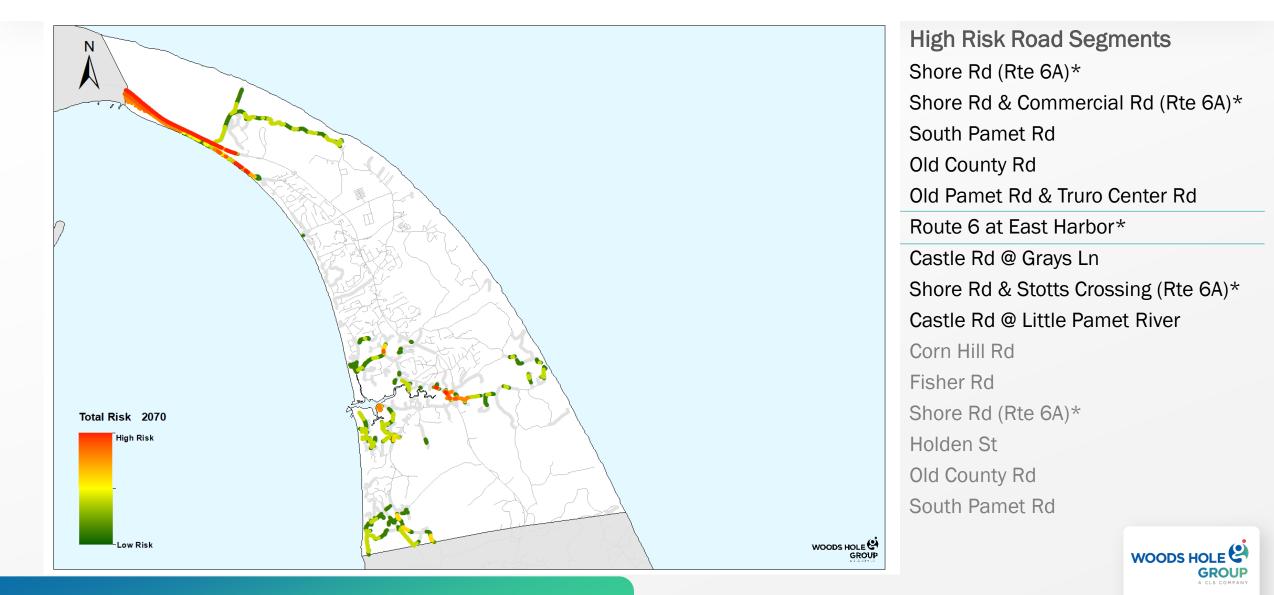


Low Lying Roads Criticality Scoring (Truro)





Low Lying Roads 2070 Risk Results (Truro)



Summary of High Priority Road Segments (Truro)

	Name		Length (ft)	Description	Segment	Segment Storm Probability (%)				Nuisance Length (ft)		
			Lengui (II)	Description	2030	2050	2070	2030	2050	2070		
_	А	Shore Rd (Rte 6A)*	2020	Route 6A adjacent to Top Mast Resort	0-100	0.2-100	10-100			740		
\checkmark	В	Shore Rd & Commercial Rd (Rte 6A)*	5660	Route 6A leading to Provincetown line	0.1-100	5-100	20-100			3760		
	С	South Pamet Rd	2500	Large segment east of Route 6 bridge	0-100	0.5-100	10-100					
	D	Old County Rd	460	Near Paradise Hollow	0.1-100	2-100	20-100			80		
	E	Old Pamet Rd & Truro Center Rd †	900	Culverted road over Pamet River	0.1-100	2-100	20-100	340	400	1060		
	F	Route 6**	12260	Route 6 at East Harbor	0-10	1-20	20-100			5700		
_	G	Castle Rd	240	Intersection with Grays Lane	0-1	2-10	20-100					
$\mathbf{\nabla}$	Н	Shore Rd & Stotts Crossing (Rte 6A)* †	2540	Intersection of Shore Road and Stotts Crossing	0-5	0.2-20	5-100			320		
	I	Castle Rd	140	Culverted road over Little Pamet River	0-0.5	5	100	80	140	140		
	J	Corn Hill Rd	2400	Access to Corn Hill Beach	0-1	2-5	10-100	1520	2200	2360		
	K	Fisher Rd	640	Access to neighborhood	0.5-100	10-00	20-100	440	540	620		
	L	Shore Rd (Route 6A)*	3460	Additional vulnerable segments of Route 6A	0-2	0-10	1-100					
	М	Holden St ††	1020	Access to Head of the Meadow Beach	0-0.2	1-10	20-100			620		
	N	Old County Rd	600	Culverted road and access to neighborhood	0.1-10	2-100	20-100					
	0	South Pamet Rd	860	Access to Ballston Beach	0-100	1-100	10-100					

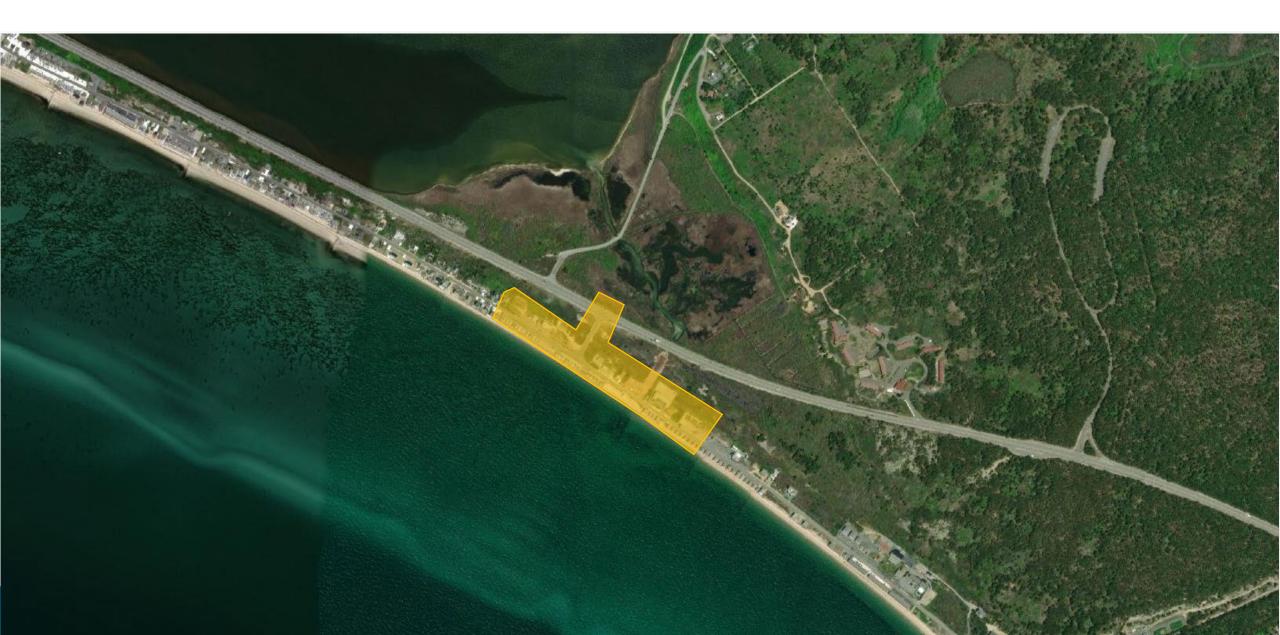
* = Town and MassDOT roadway

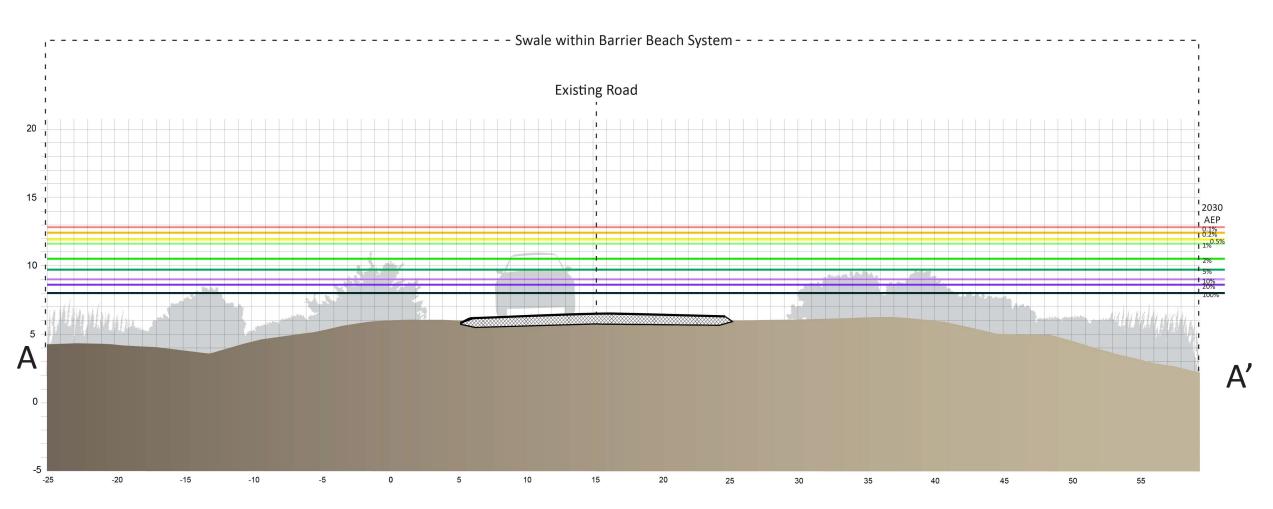
** = MassDOT roadway

† = Town and private roadway

++ = Private roadway

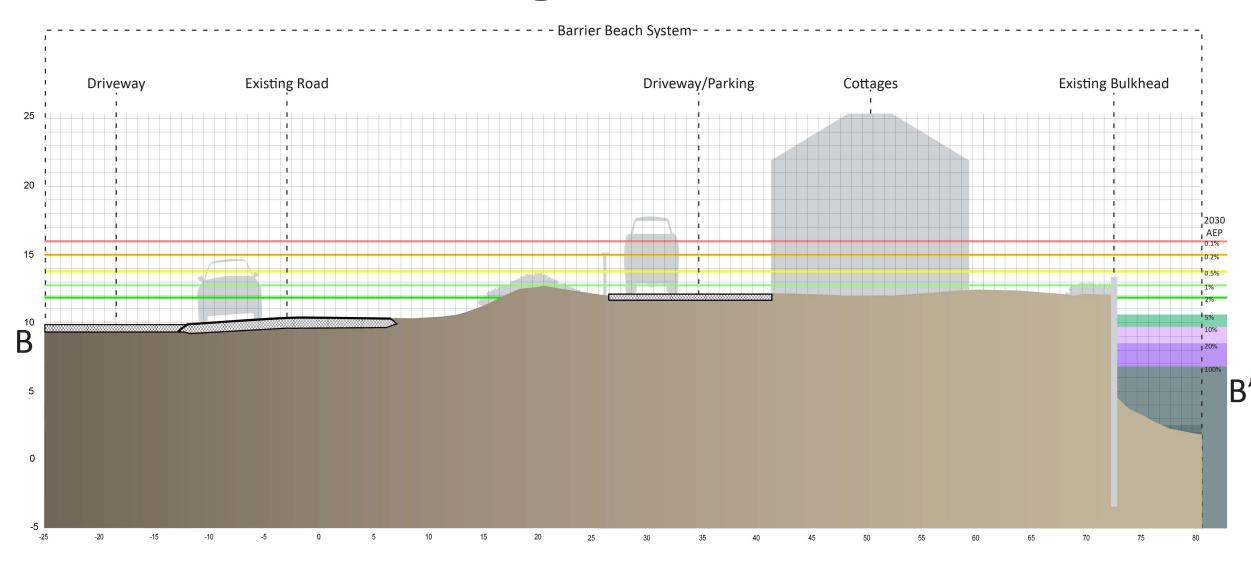








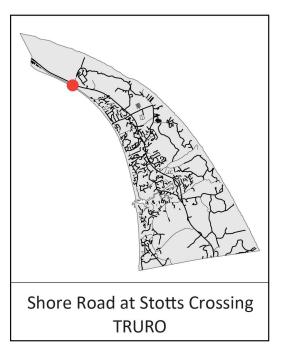








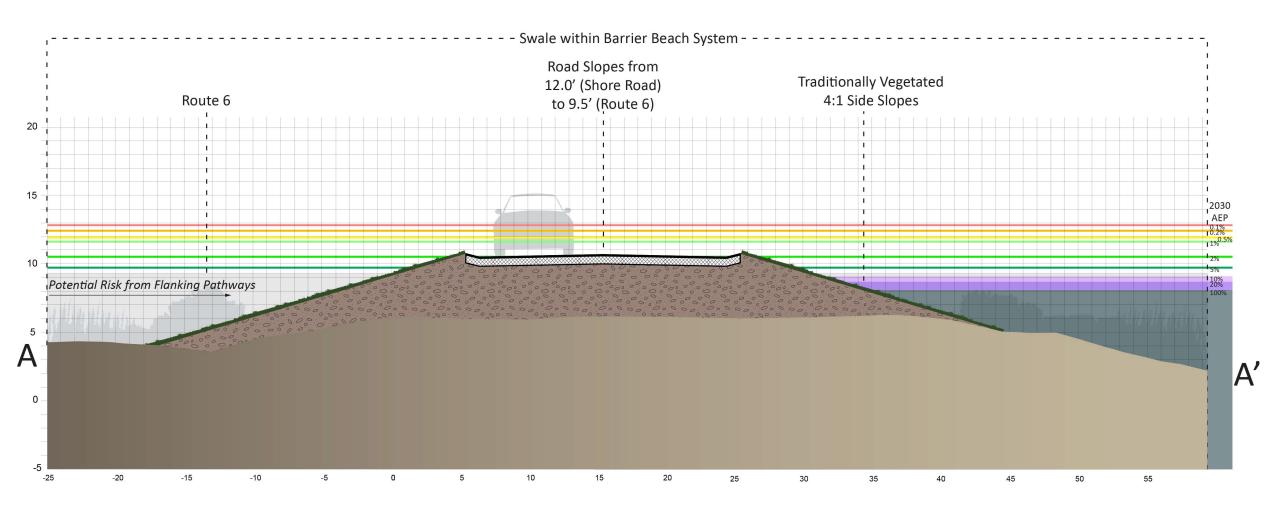
Note: Project overlap with wetland areas, rights of way and property lines is approximate and needs confirmation with a site survey



ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY

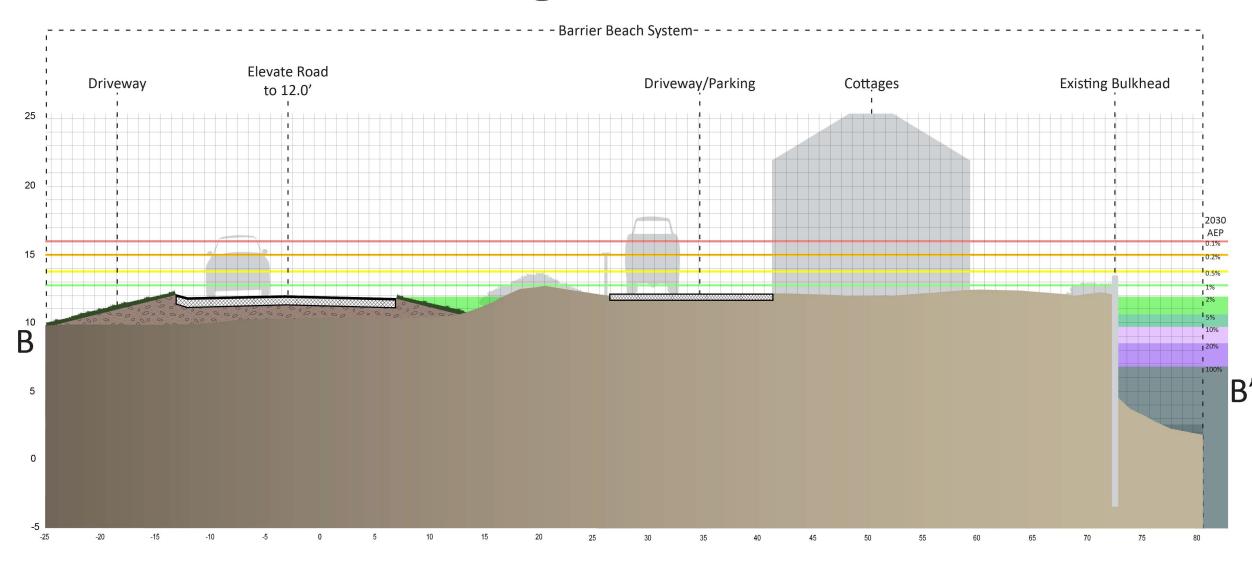
1994 linear feet of town-owned road are raised Shore Road is raised from a lowest point of 8.5 feet to a lowest point of 12.0 feet. Stotts Crossing slopes from Shore Road at 12.0 feet to Route 6 at 9.5 feet, raising its lowest point from 5.9 to 9.5 feet. The road segments are protected from primary flood pathways from Cape Cod Bay to 12.0 feet and from potential flanking flood pathways from East Harbor to 9.5 feet.





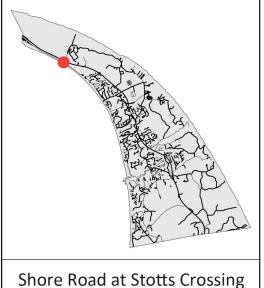
ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY Stotts Crossing, Truro









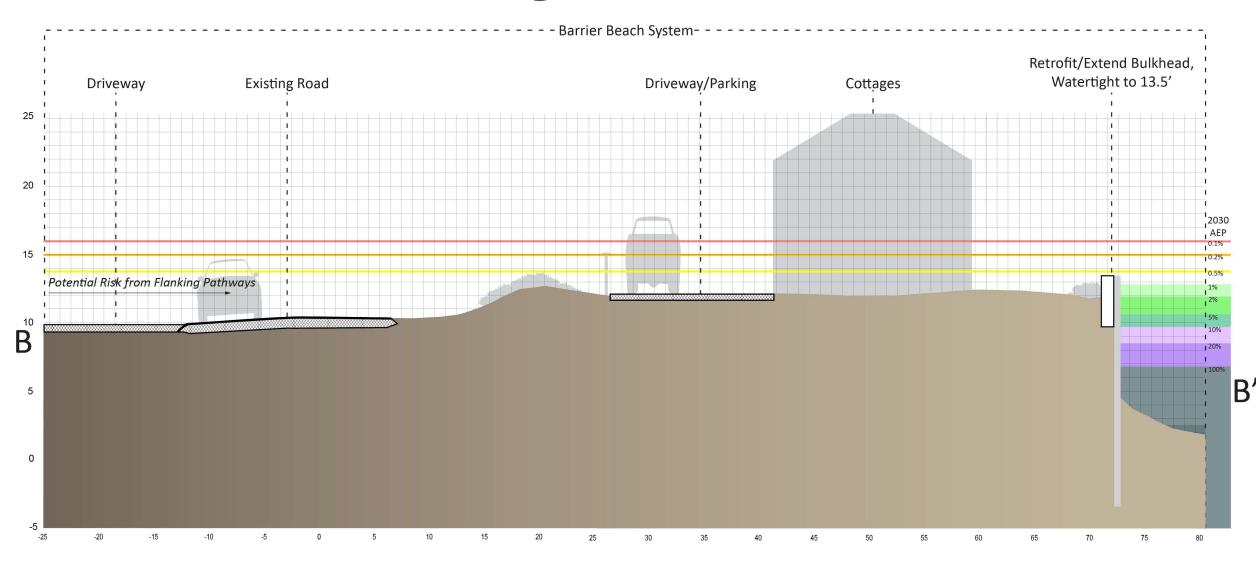


ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID

Approximately 2000 linear feet of private bulkhead are retrofitted or extended to provide protection to 13.5 feet. The bulkhead ties in to the existing dune at the town beach and existing higher bulkhead and dune on either end. This approach does not address possible flanking pathways from East Harbor.



Note: Project overlap with wetland areas, rights of way and property lines is approximate and needs confirmation with a site survey







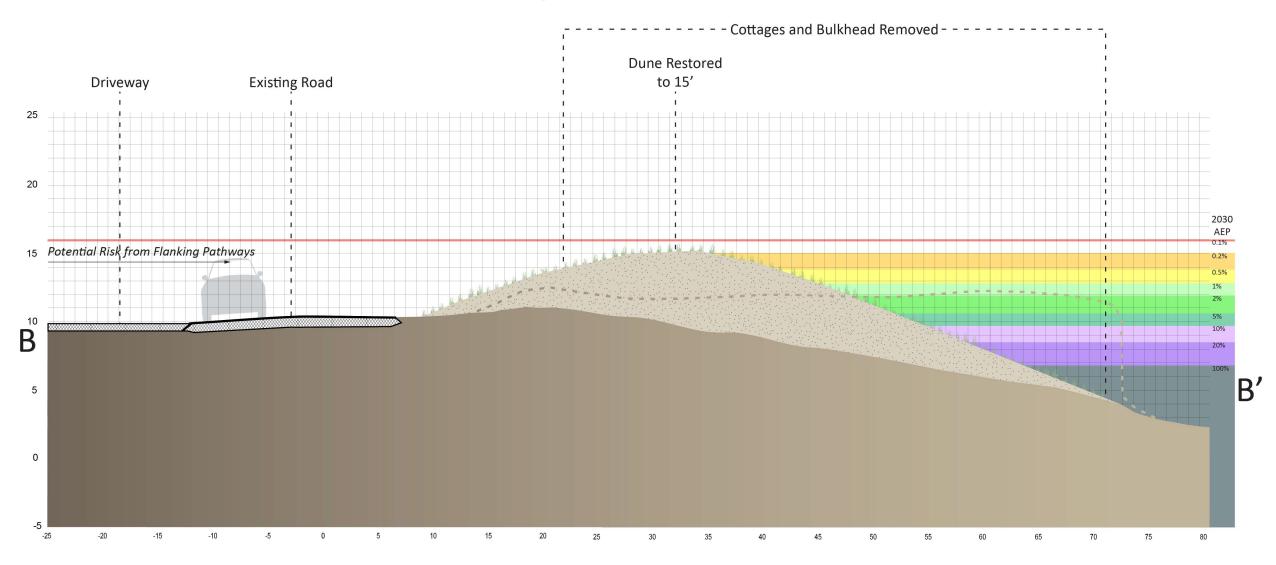


ALTERNATIVE 3: GREEN

Approximately 2400 linear feet of dunes and dune enhancements to 15 feet are constructed along Shore Road. Three parcels' worth of cottages are bought out. There is a possiblity to extend this approach to the east to prevent flanking from Cape Cod Bay. This approach does not address possible flanking pathways from East Harbor.



Note: Project overlap with wetland areas, rights of way and property lines is approximate and needs confirmation with a site survey







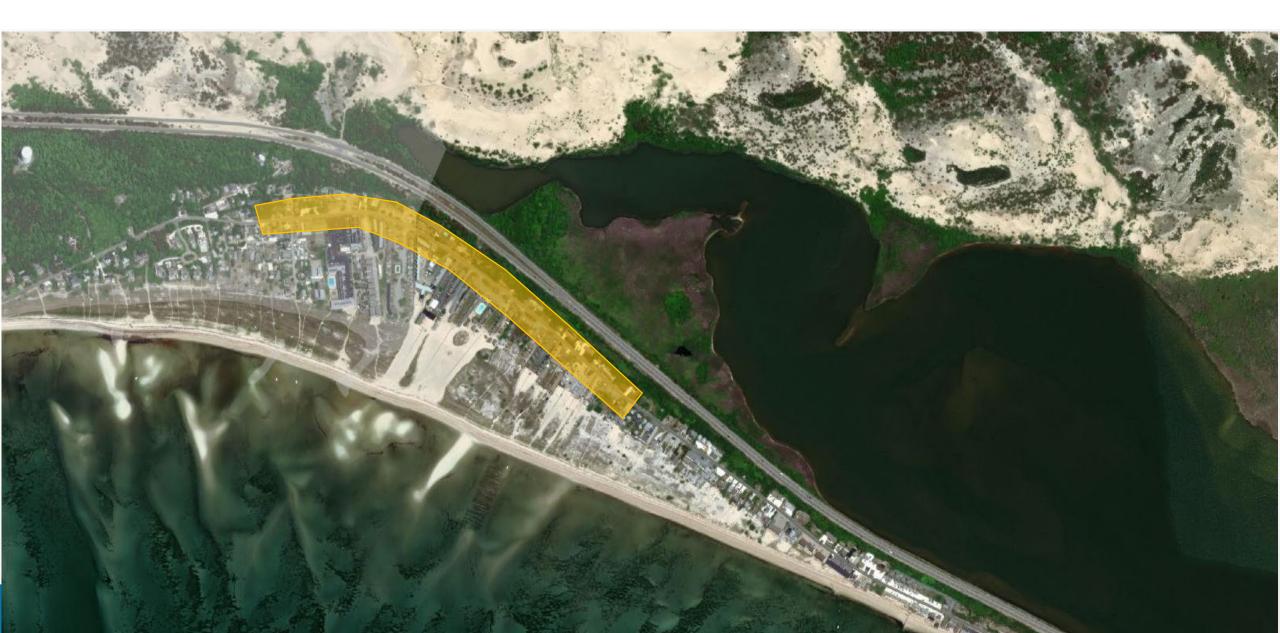
SHORE ROAD at STOTTS CROSSING, TRURO

Summary of alternatives

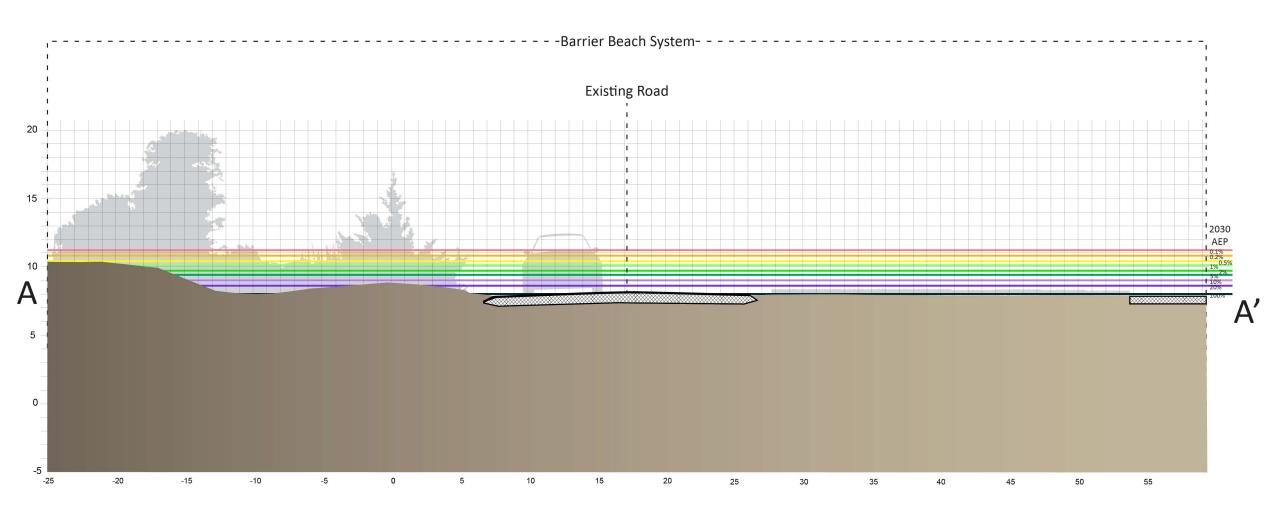
	Description	Critical Elevation	Annual Ex 2030	ceedance F	Probability 2070	Vulnerable to Tidal Flooding	Impacts to Resource Area(s)	Impacts to Private Property	Estimated Cost*
EXISTING	A segment of 20 foot wide road with a culvert crossing.	5.9 feet	100%	100%	100%	2070	N/A	N/A	N/A
ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY	1994 linear feet of town-owned road are raised to 12.0 feet using traditionally vegetated 4:1 side slopes. Stotts Crossing slopes from Shore Road at 12.0 feet to Route 6 at 9.5 feet, raising its lowest point from 5.9 to 9.5 feet.	12.0 feet	0.5%	2%	20%	N/A	Minimal	Minimal	\$831,000
ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID	Approximately 2000 linear feet of private bulkhead are retrofitted or extended to provide protection to 13.5 feet. This approach does not address possible flanking pathways from East Harbor.	13.5 feet	0%	0.2%	2%	2070	Minimal	Yes	\$899,000 (excluding easments)
ALTERNATIVE 3: GREEN	1994 linear feet of town-owned road are raised Shore Road is raised from a lowest point of 8.5 feet to a lowest point of 12.0 feet. Stotts Crossing slopes from Shore Road at 12.0 feet to Route 6 at 9.5 feet, raising its lowest point from 5.9 to 9.5 feet. The road segments are protected from primary flood pathways from Cape Cod Bay to 12.0 feet and from potential flanking flood pathways from East Harbor to 9.5 feet.	15.0	0%	0%	0.2%	2070	Possible Positive	Yes	\$1,496,000 (excluding acquisitions)

*2023 installed material cost +40% escalation (through 2029) and 15% contingency. Excludes design, permitting, mobilization, stormwater and wastewater infrastructure, and site controls. Costs based on experienced contractor opinion and MassDOT costing data.

Shore Road at Provincetown Line

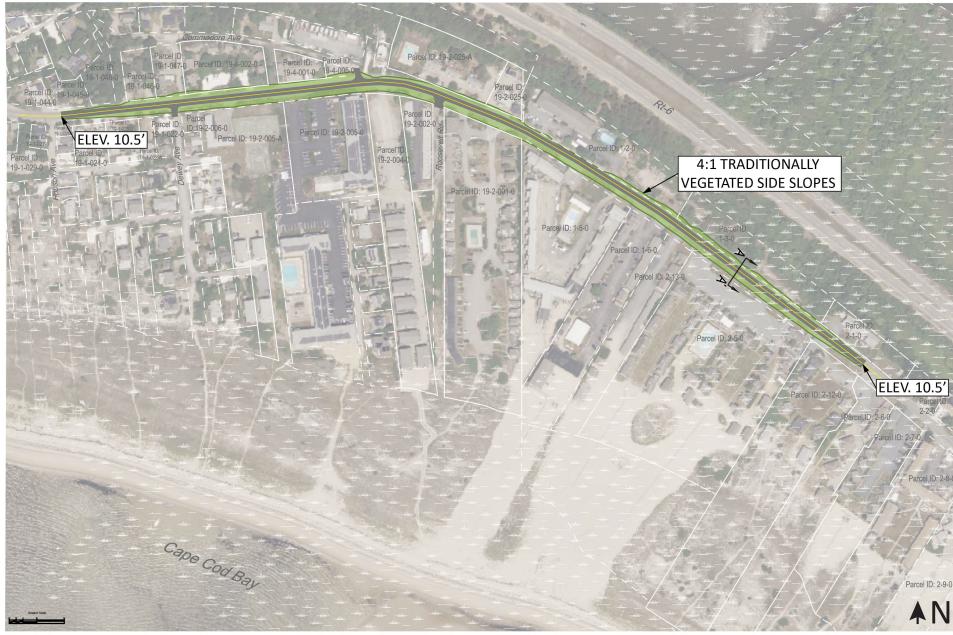


Shore Road at Provincetown Line



EXISTING CONDITIONS Shore Road at Provincetown Line, Truro





Note: Project overlap with wetland areas, rights of way and property lines is approximate and needs confirmation with a site survey

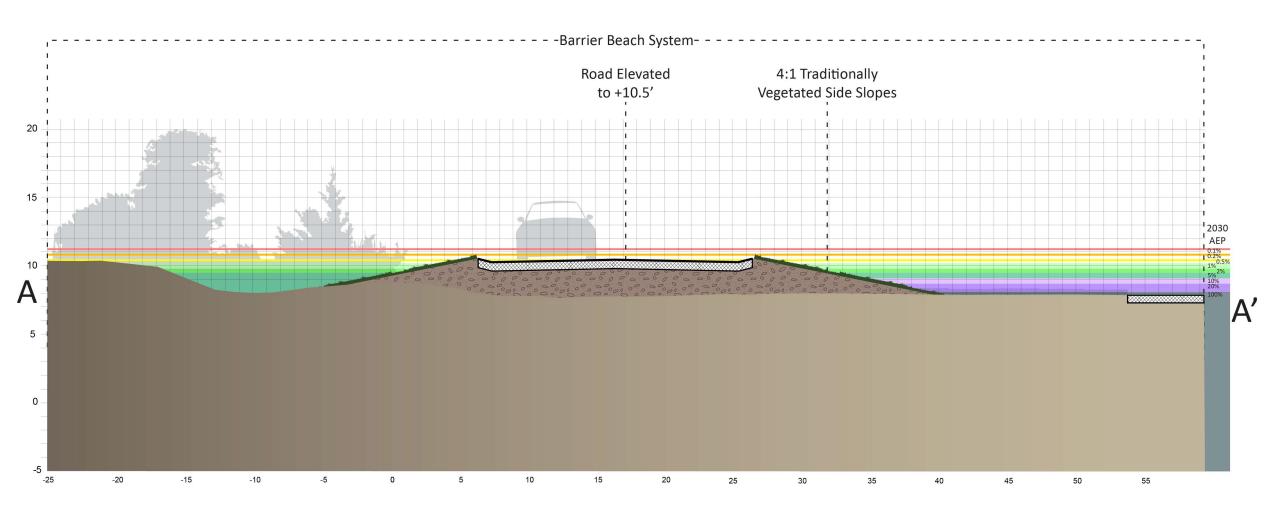


ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY

2378 linear feet of town-owned road are raised from a lowest point of 7.6 feet to a lowest point of 10.5 feet using traditionally vegetated 4:1 side slopes. This alternative extends into Provincetown, and collaboration would be necessary.

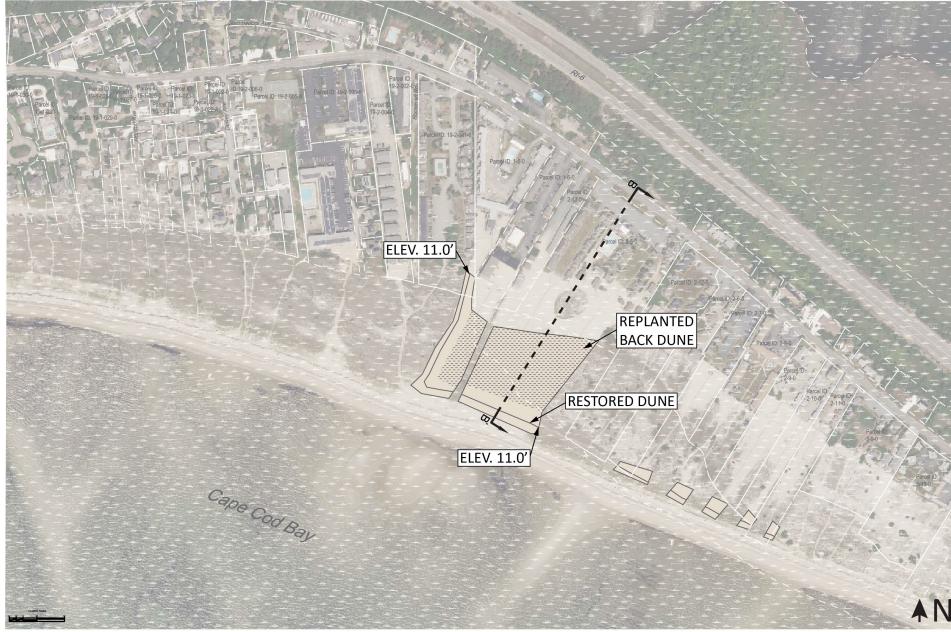


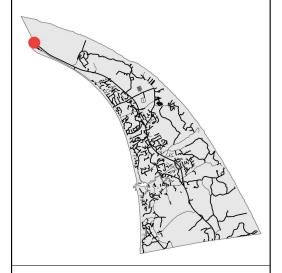
Shore Road at Provincetown Line



ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY Shore Road at Provincetown Line, Truro



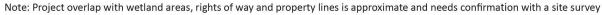




Shore Road at Provincetown Line TRURO

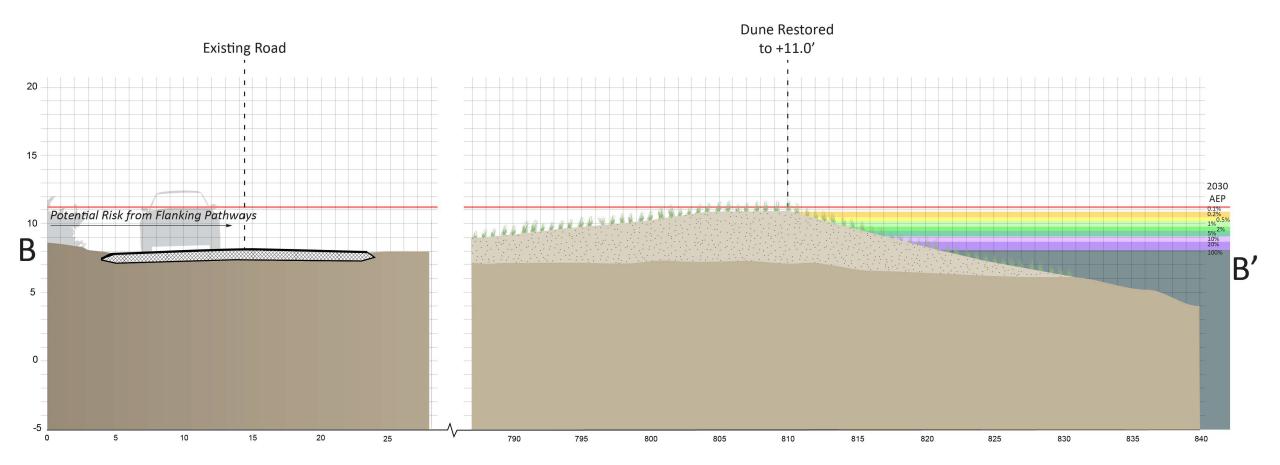
ALTERNATIVE 2: GREEN

A wide dune to 11.0 feet is restored on Parcels 2-5-0, 2-13-0, and 1-6-0. Other breaches in the dune are patched. This alternative could be phased and possibly extended eastward in the future. Dune walkovers or mobimats can be used to preserve beach access. This approach may need to consider potential flanking from East Harbor.



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Shore Road at Provincetown Line



ALTERNATIVE 2: GREEN Shore Road at Provincetown Line, Truro



SHORE ROAD at PROVINCETOWN LINE

Summary of alternatives

		Critical	Annual Ex	ceedance F	Probability	Vulnerable to	Impacts to Resource	Impacts to Private	Estimated
	Description	Elevation	2030	2050	2070	Tidal Flooding	Area(s)	Property	Cost*
EXISTING	A road intersection with a culvert crossing and adjacent wetland.	7.6 feet	100%	100%	100%	2070	N/A	N/A	N/A
ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY	2378 linear feet of town-owned road are raised from a lowest point of 7.6 feet to a lowest point of 10.5 feet using traditionally vegetated 4:1 side slopes. This alternative extends into Provincetown, and collaboration would be necessary.	10.5 feet	0.5%	10%	100%	N/A	Minimal	Minimal	\$1,046,000
ALTERNATIVE 2: GREEN	A wide dune to 11.0 feet is restored on Parcels 2-5-0, 2-13-0, and 1-6-0. Other breaches in the dune are patched. This alternative could be phased and possibly extended eastward in the future. Dune walkovers or mobimats can be used to preserve beach access. This approach may need to consider potential flanking from East Harbor.	11.0 feet	0.1%	5%	100%	N/A	Yes	Yes	\$3,228,000 (excluding easements)

*2023 installed material cost +40% escalation (through 2029) and 15% contingency. Excludes design, permitting, mobilization, stormwater and wastewater infrastructure, and site controls. Costs based on experienced contractor opinion and MassDOT costing data.

LOW LYING ROADS

Discussion



- Shore Road
- Stotts Crossing

NEXT STEPS

- Comments! Use form on project webpages
 https://www.capecodcommission.org/our-work/low-lying-roads-project/
- Town staff to determine which projects, designs
 - Review of community input
 - Engineering, permitting
- Identify funding

FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES



Federal Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL)

Federal Highway Administration

- PROTECT Competitive Resilience Improvement and Planning grants
- Culvert Aquatic Organism Passage Program - competitive grants for the replacement, removal, and repair of culverts or weirs that meaningfully improve or restore fish passage for anadromous fish

[NEW] PROTECT Grants (discretionary)

Purpose	pose Planning, resilience improvements, community resilience and evacuation routes, and at-risk coastal infrastructure							
Funding	\$1.4 B (FY 22-26) in Contract Authority from the HTF							
Eligible entities	 State (or political subdivision of a State) MPO Local government Special purpose district or public authority with a transportation function Indian Tribe Federal land management agency (applying jointly with State(s)) Different eligibilities apply for at-risk coastal infrastructure grants 							
Eligible projects	 Highway, transit, intercity passenger rail, and port facilities Resilience planning activities, including resilience improvement plans, evacuation planning and preparation, and capacity-building Construction activities (oriented toward resilience) Construction of (or improvement to) evacuation routes 							
Other key provisions	 Higher Federal share if the eligible entity develops a resilience improvement plan (or is in a State or area served by MPO that does) and the State or MPO incorporates it into its long-range transportation plan May only use up to 40% of the grant for construction of new capacity 							

FUNDING OPPORTUNITIES



Nature Based Solutions, Ecological Restoration, Culverts

- FEMA Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)
- National Coastal Resiliency Fund (NCRF) through National Fish and Wildlife Fund
- Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) through the Cape Cod Conservation District
- Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness Program (MVP)
- Division of Ecological Restoration (DER) Culvert Replacement Municipal Assistance Grant Program