Low-lying Roads: Brewster

Project funded by the Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness Program

Purpose and Objectives of Public Meeting

- Overview of Low-lying Roads Project
- Review adaptation alternatives for priority low-lying roads
- Discuss advantages and disadvantages of green, gray, and hybrid alternatives

Agenda

- Project Overview
- Presentation of conceptual design alternatives
 - Route 6A at Betty's Curve
 - Lower Road
 - Route 6A at Quivett Creek
- Questions, comments, and discussion
- Next Steps

Low Lying Roads

TOWNS

Barnstable Bourne Brewster Dennis Eastham

Orleans Sandwich Truro Wellfleet Yarmouth



Flooding vulnerability assessment of low-lying roads and transportation infrastructure



Support municipal road segment prioritization



Identify range of potential design solutions, costs

Work performed by Cape Cod Commission and Woods Hole Group

PROJECT TIMELINE



Vulnerability Assessment Prioritize Roadway Segments

1st Workshop: Vulnerable & At-Risk Roads

Roadway site visits

Roadway analysis & solutions ID

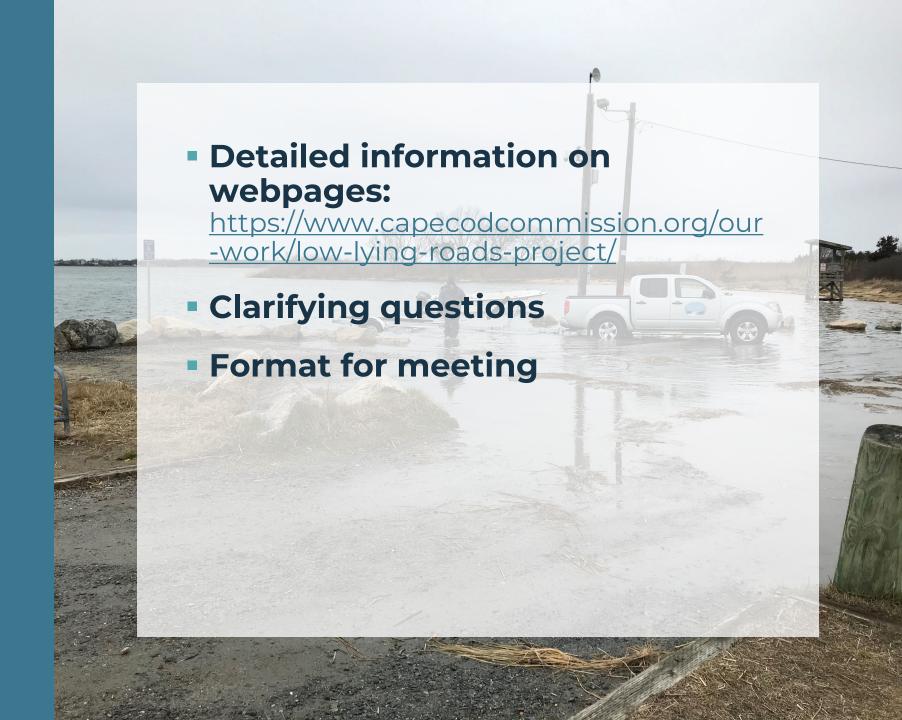
Meeting: Present alternatives

September 2021

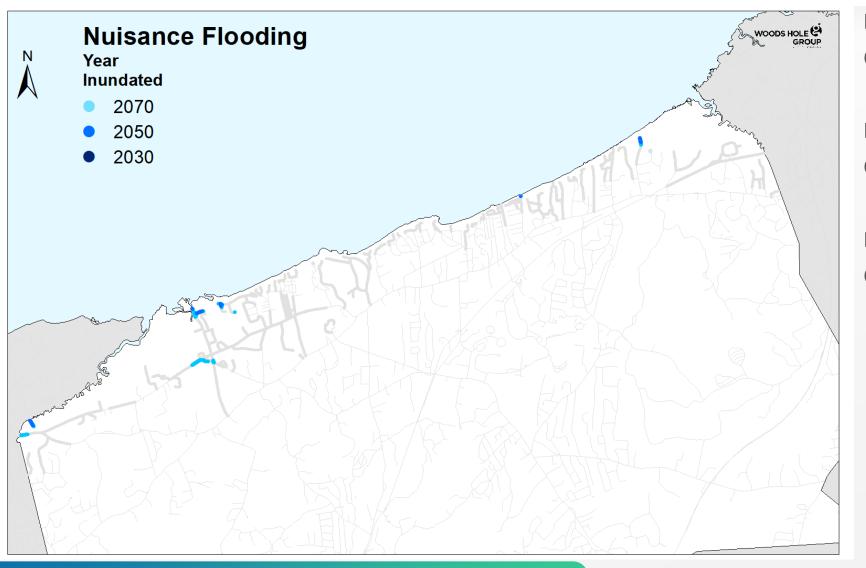
Summer 2022

April 2023

Additional Context & Information



Low Lying Roads Nuisance Flooding (Brewster)



Road Miles 2030

0.0/24.8

Road Miles 2050

0.2/24.8

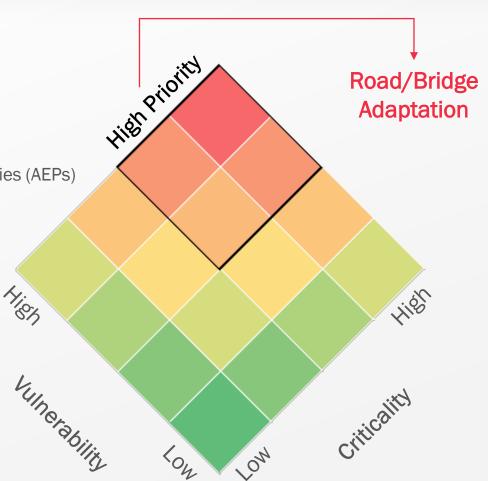
Road Miles 2070

0.6/24.8



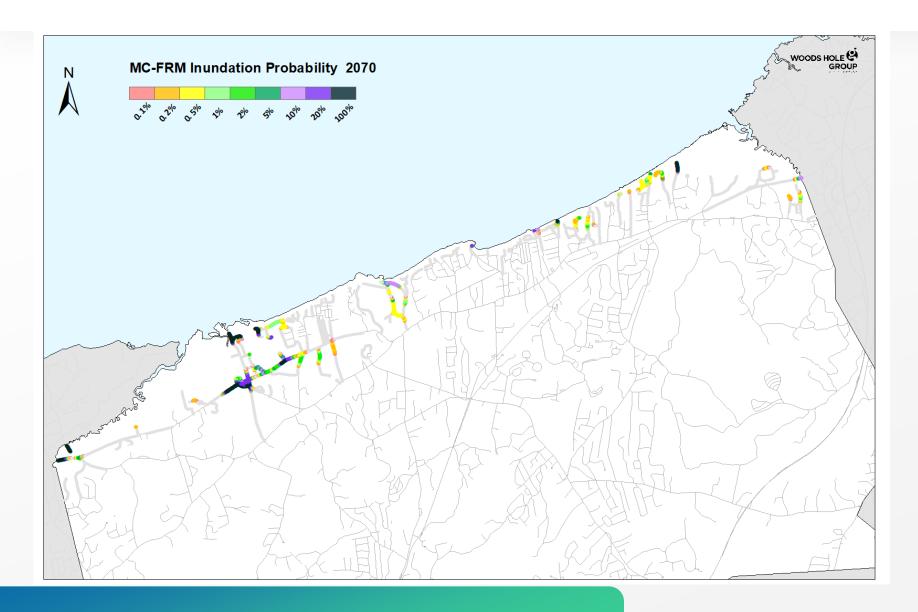
Cape Cod Low Lying Roads Risk Assessment Approach

- 1. Extract roadway/bridge critical elevations (CEs)
 - From LiDAR at 20m interval along surface
- 2. Compile 2030/2050/2070 MC-FRM water surface elevations (WSEs)
 - 0.1%, 0.2%, 0.5%, 1%, 2%, 5%, 10%, 20%, 100% Annual Exceedance Probabilities (AEPs)
- 3. Compare CEs to WSEs to determine vulnerability
 - Highest probability WSE exceeding CE
- 4. Score road segment criticality
 - Usage/Network Function
 - Economy
 - Vulnerable Populations
 - Community and Emergency Services
- 5. Probability * Criticality = Risk
- 6. Prioritize high-risk road segments for community consideration





Low Lying Roads 2070 Inundation Probability (Brewster)



%	Road miles
0.1	5.6
0.2	5.3
0.5	4.6
1	3.5
2	2.9
5	2.3
10	2.1
20	1.7
100	1.0

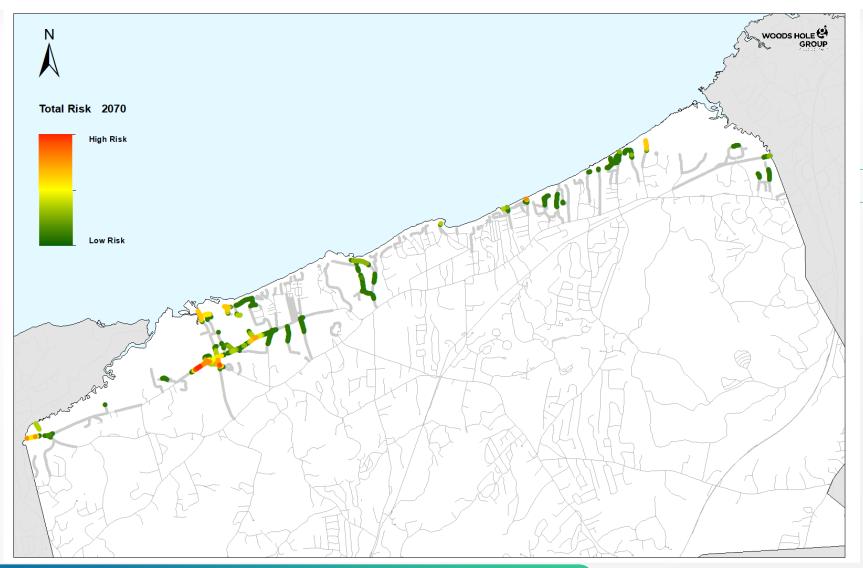


Low Lying Roads Criticality Scoring (Brewster)





Low Lying Roads 2070 Risk Results (Brewster)



High Risk Road Segments

Route 6A (Stony Brook)*

Crosby Lane

Route 6A (Quivett Creek)*

Robbins Hill and Warrens Road

Lower Road and Paines Creek Road

Lower Road

Cedar Hill and Paines Creek Road

Breakwater Road



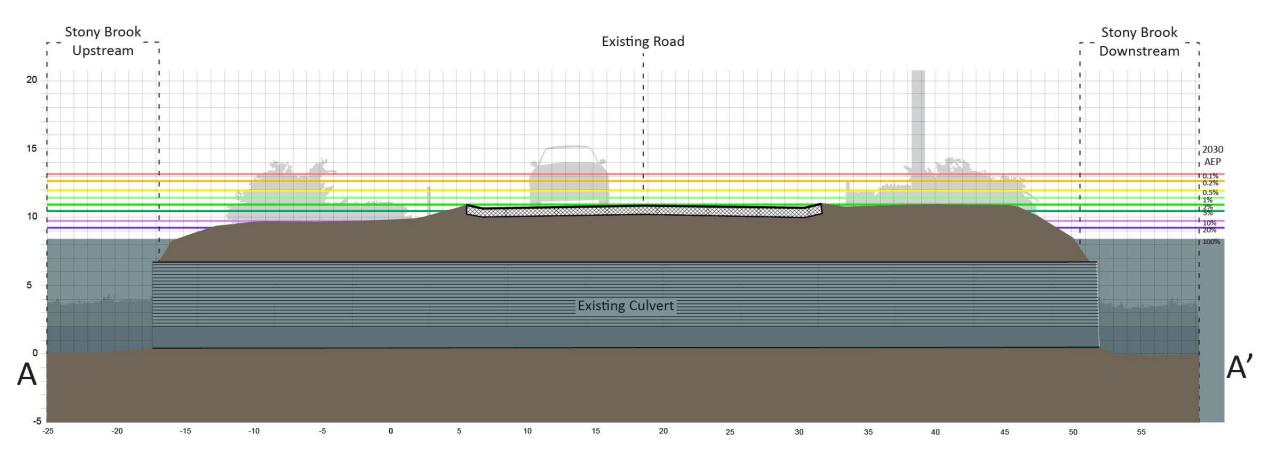
Summary of High Priority Road Segments (Brewster)

		Name Length (ft)) Description —	Segme	Nuisance Length (ft)				
		· ········	_on.gan (10,	, 200011.p.1.011	2030	2050	2070	2030	2050	2070
	А	*Route 6A (Stony Brook)	1480	Segment of Route 6A over Stony Brook	0.2-20	2-100	20-100			540
L	В	Crosby Lane	400	Culverted Road leading to Crobsy Landing Beach	2-20	10-100	100		240	360
ı	С	*Route 6A (Quivett Creek)	420	Segment of Route 6A at Quivett Creek	5-20	20-100	100			340
	D	Robbins Hill and Warrens Road	480	Entrance to Robbins Hill Beach	2-10	20	20-100		200	380
	Е	Lower Road and Paines Creek Road	1440	Intersection of Lower Road and Paines Creek Rd	0.1-2	1-20	10-100			80
l	F	Lower Road	660	Segment in front of Bloomer Path	0.2-5	2-20	20-100			
	G	Cedar Hill and Paines Creek Road	880	Private Road w/ Water and home access	5-20	20-100	100		240	780
	Н	Breakwater Road	720	Road with access to Breakwater Beach	0.1	1	10			



^{* =} MassDOT roadway

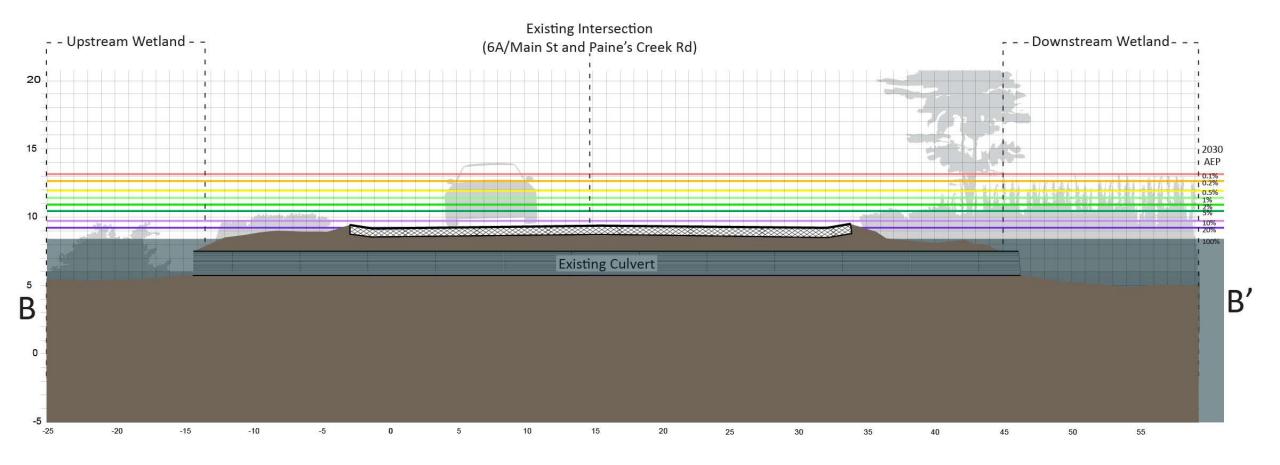




EXISTING CONDITIONS

Route 6A at Betty's Curve, Brewster



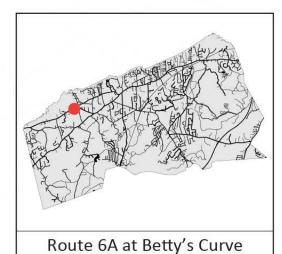


EXISTING CONDITIONS

Route 6A at Betty's Curve, Brewster







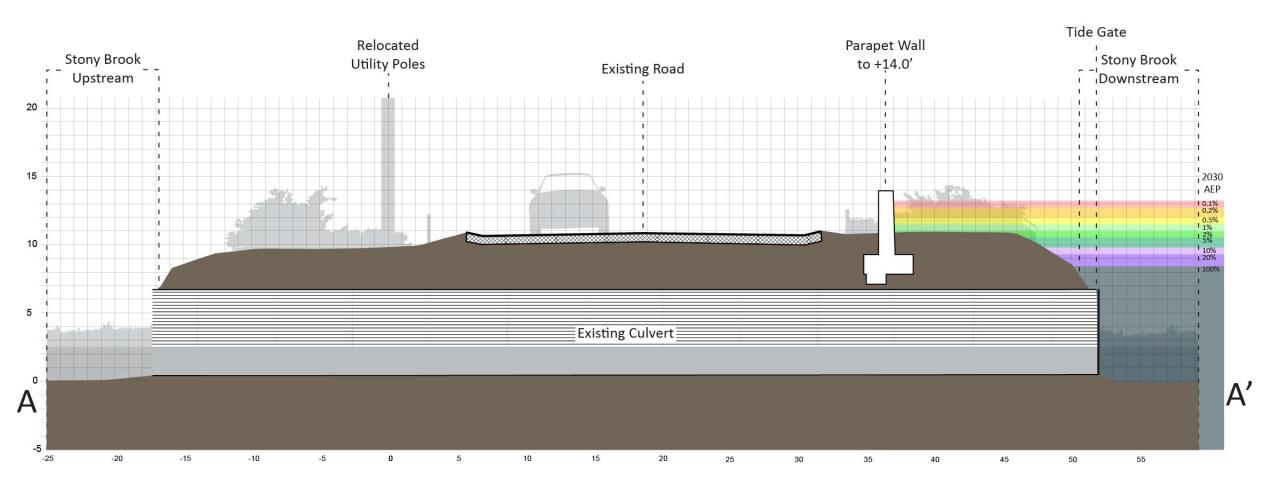
ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY

A parapet wall to 14.0 feet is added on the north side of 6A, and continues along Paine's Creek Road to prevent flanking. Tide gates are added to the large culvert and smaller secondary culvert under Route 6A.

BREWSTER

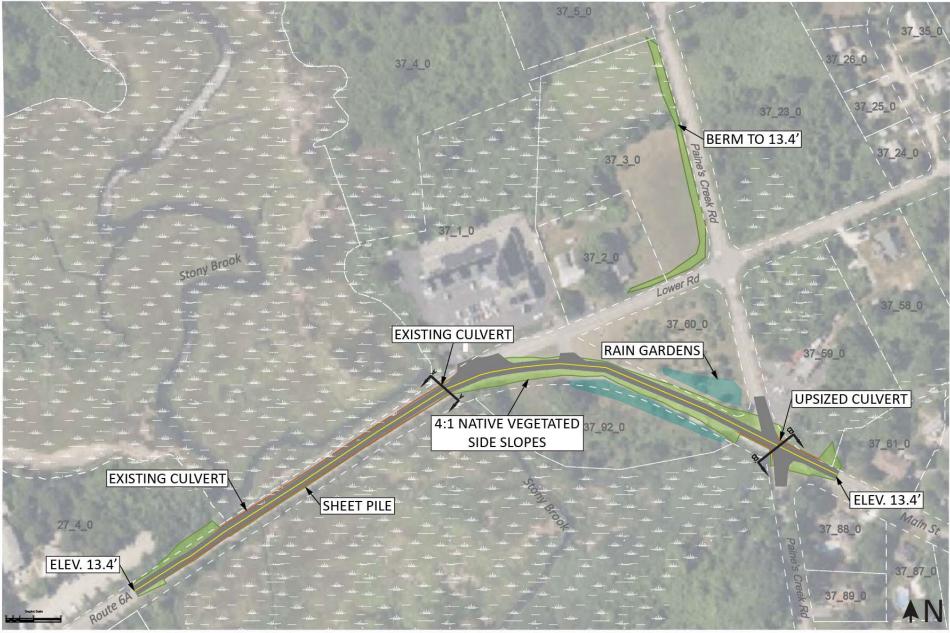


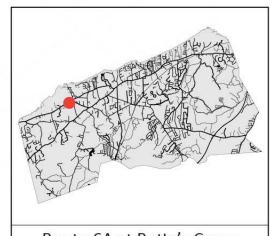
Note: Project overlap with wetland areas, rights of way and property lines is approximate and needs confirmation with a site survey











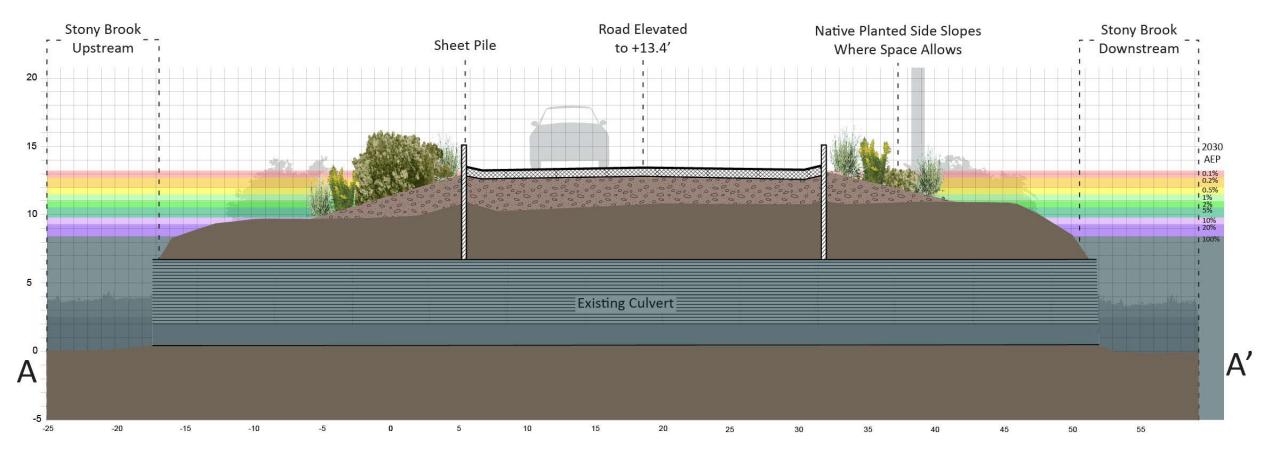
Route 6A at Betty's Curve BREWSTER

ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID

1506 linear feet of road are elevated to 13.4 feet using sheet pile and native vegetated 4:1 side slopes. The culvert at the intersection of 6A/Main Street and Paine's Creek Road is replaced with a larger culvert. A berm is added along Lower Road and Paine's Creek Road to block a flanking pathway. Rain gardens are constructed in the town-owned triangle and marsh-adjacent parcel to help manage stormwater.

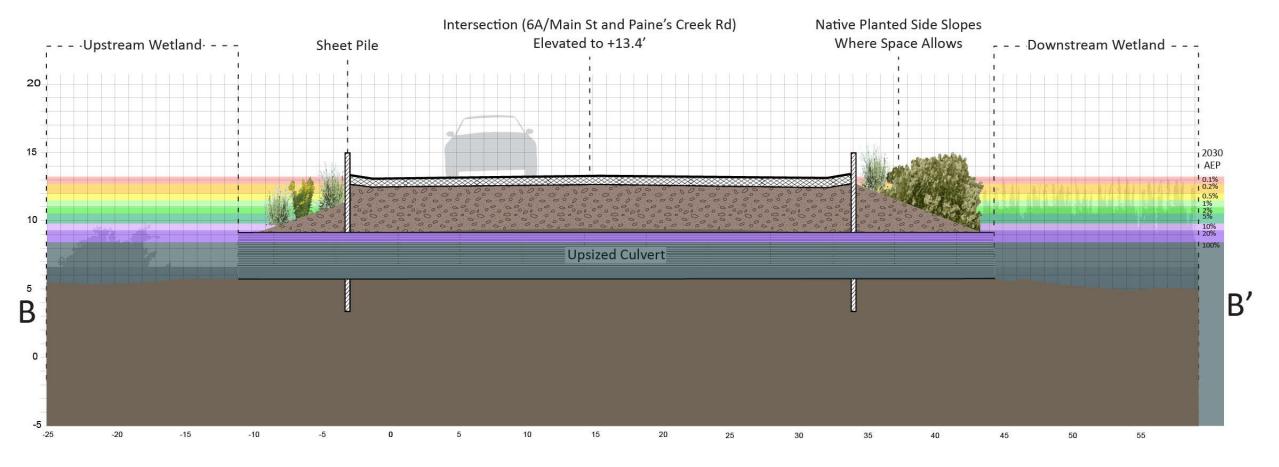


Note: Project overlap with wetland areas, rights of way and property lines is approximate and needs confirmation with a site survey



ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID
Route 6A at Betty's Curve, Brewster





ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID

Route 6A at Betty's Curve, Brewster



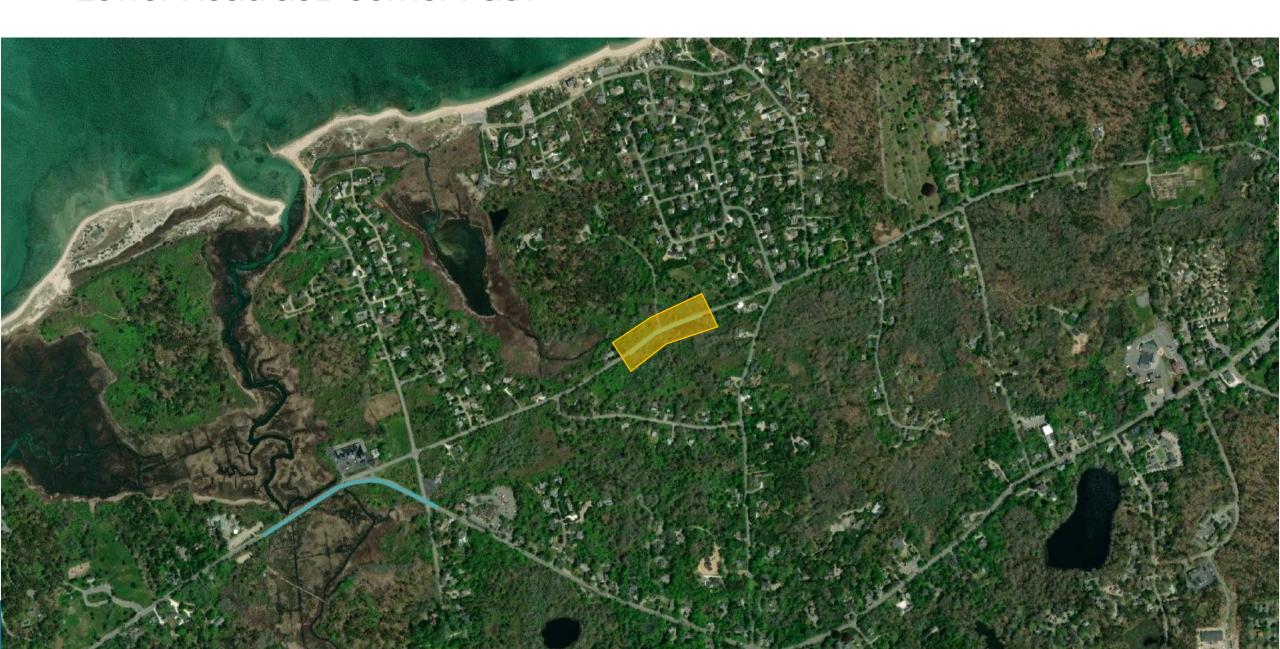
ROUTE 6A at BETTY'S CURVE, BREWSTER

Summary of alternatives

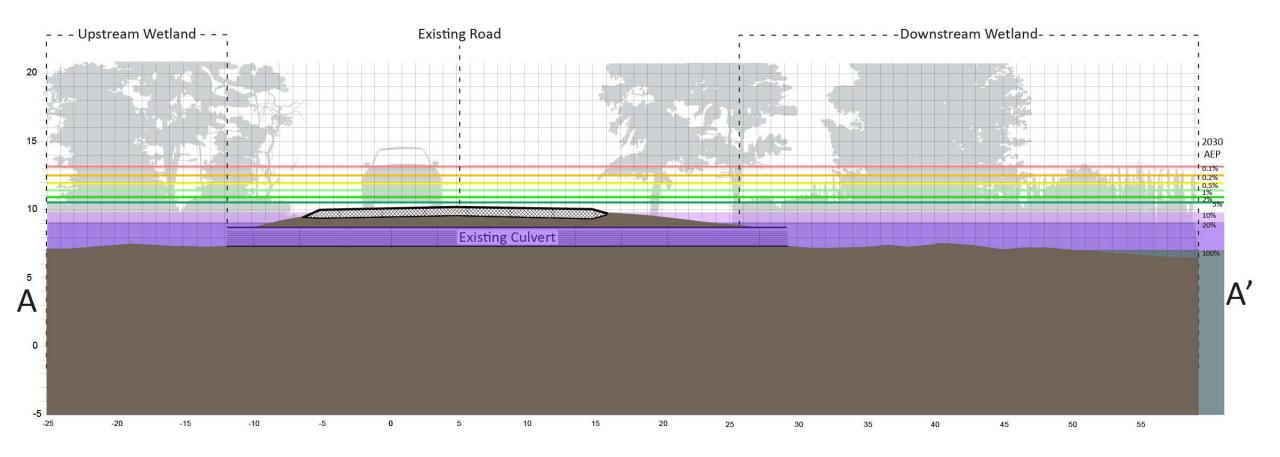
	Description	Critical Elevation	Annual Ex	cceedance F	Probability 2070	Vulnerable to Tidal Flooding	Impacts to Resource Area(s)	Impacts to Private Property	Estimated Cost*
EXISTING	A segment of 30 foot wide road with multiple culvert crossings.	8.4 feet	20%	100%	100%	2070	N/A	N/A	N/A
ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY	A parapet wall to 14.0 feet is added on the north side of 6A, and continues along Paine's Creek Road to prevent flanking. Tide gates are added to the large culvert and smaller secondary culvert under Route 6A.	14.0 feet	0%	0.2%	2%	2070	Minimal	Minor	\$1,880,000
ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID	1506 linear feet of road are elevated to 13.4 feet using sheet pile and native vegetated 4:1 side slopes. The culvert at the intersection of 6A/Main Street and Paine's Creek Road is replaced with a larger culvert. A berm is added along Lower Road and Paine's Creek Road to block a flanking pathway. Rain gardens are constructed in the town-owned triangle and marsh-adjacent parcel to help manage stormwater.	13.4 feet	0%	0.5%	5%	N/A	Possible Positive	Minor	\$3,860,000

^{*2023} installed material cost +40% escalation (through 2029) and 15% contingency. Excludes design, permitting, mobilization, stormwater and wastewater infrastructure, and site controls. Costs based on experienced contractor opinion and MassDOT costing data.

Lower Road at Bloomer Path

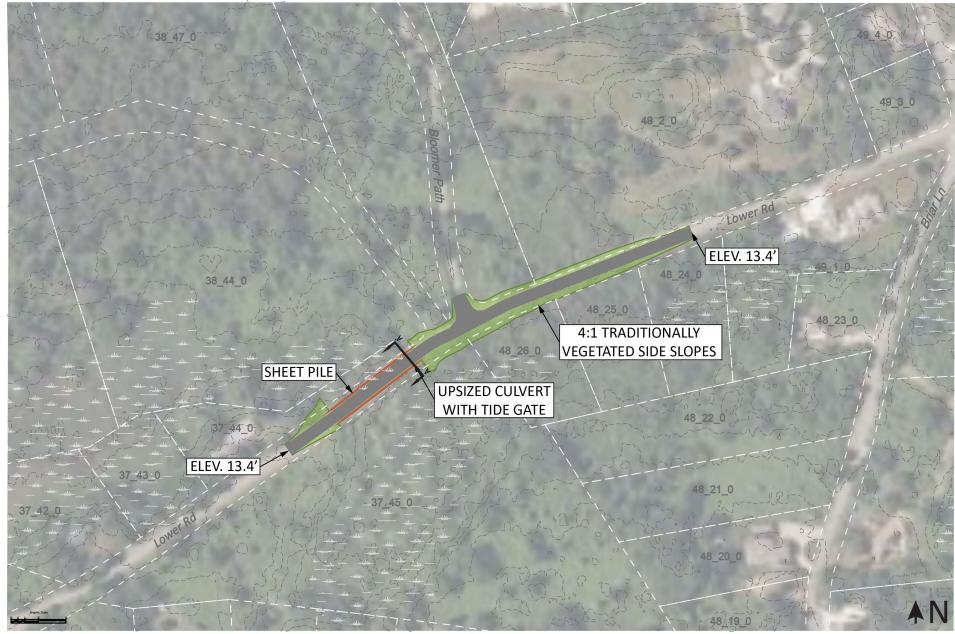


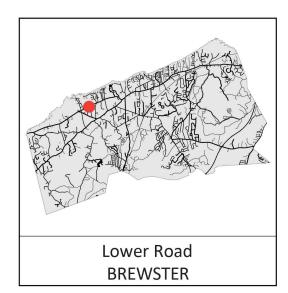
Lower Road at Bloomer Path











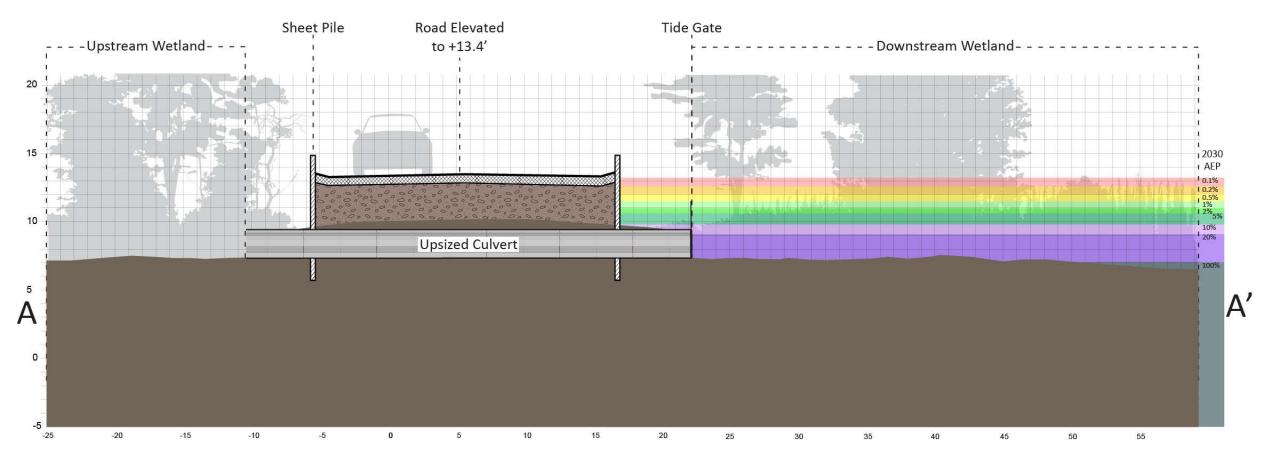
ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY

781 linear feet of road are elevated to 13.4 feet using sheet pile and traditionally vegetated 4:1 side slopes. The culvert is increased in size, and a tide gate is added to cut off a potential long-term flood pathway.



Note: Project overlap with wetland areas, rights of way and property lines is approximate and needs confirmation with a site survey

Lower Road at Bloomer Path

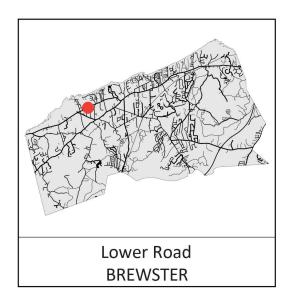


ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY

Lower Road, Brewster





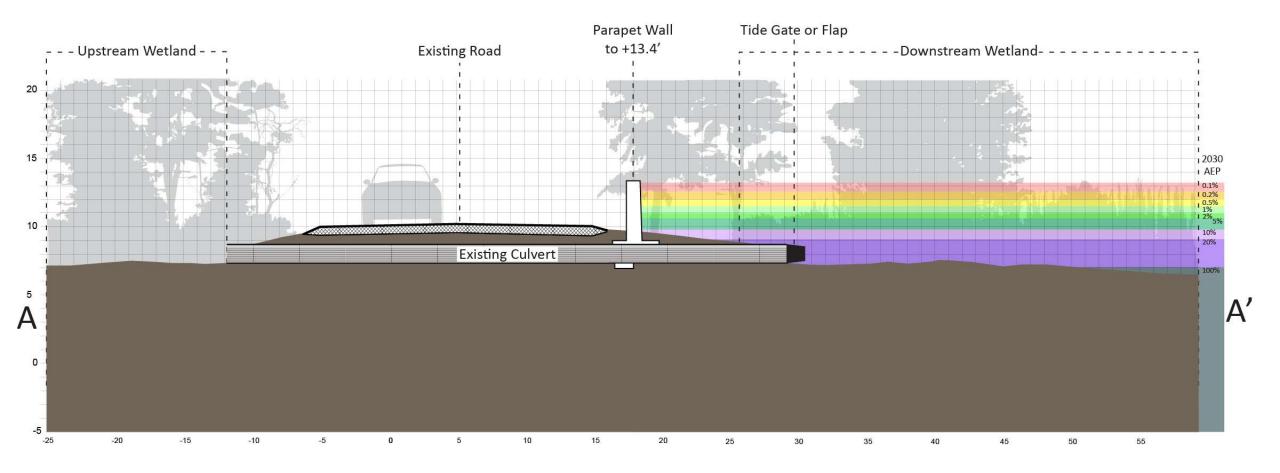


ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID

A berm and parapet wall to 13.4 feet are constructed along Lower Road and in an unused right of way next to Bloomer Path. The berm is vegetated with native plants, and a tide flap is added to the existing culvert to prevent flanking.



Note: Project overlap with wetland areas, rights of way and property lines is approximate and needs confirmation with a site survey



ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID Lower Road, Brewster

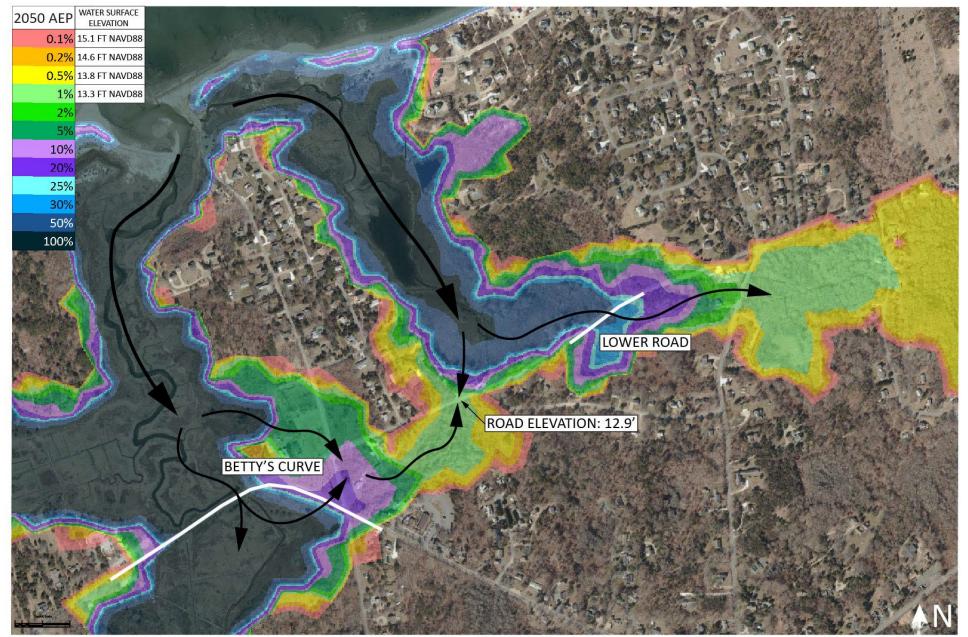


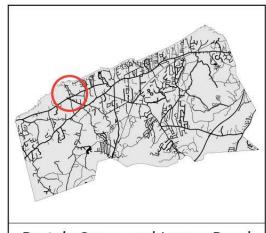
LOWER ROAD, BREWSTER

Summary of alternatives

	Description	Critical Elevation	Annual Ex	cceedance F	Probability 2070	Vulnerable to Tidal Flooding	Impacts to Resource Area(s)	Impacts to Private Property	Estimated Cost*
EXISTING	A segment of 20 foot wide road with a culvert crossing.	10.2 feet	5%	20%	100%	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY	781 linear feet of road are elevated to 13.4 feet using sheet pile and traditionally vegetated 4:1 side slopes. The culvert is increased in size, and a tide gate is added to cut off a potential long-term flood pathway.	13.4 feet	0%	0.5%	5%	N/A	Minimal	Minor	\$868,000
ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID	A berm and parapet wall to 13.4 feet are constructed along Lower Road and in an unused right of way next to Bloomer Path. The berm is vegetated with native plants, and a tide flap is added to the existing culvert to prevent flanking.	13.4 feet	0%	0.5%	5%	N/A	Minimal	Minor	\$218,000

^{*2023} installed material cost +40% escalation (through 2029) and 15% contingency. Excludes design, permitting, mobilization, stormwater and wastewater infrastructure, and site controls. Costs based on experienced contractor opinion and MassDOT costing data.





Betty's Curve and Lower Road BREWSTER

EXISTING CONDITIONS

Multiple interconnected flood pathways affect risk at these two road segments, as well as portions of Lower Road in between them.

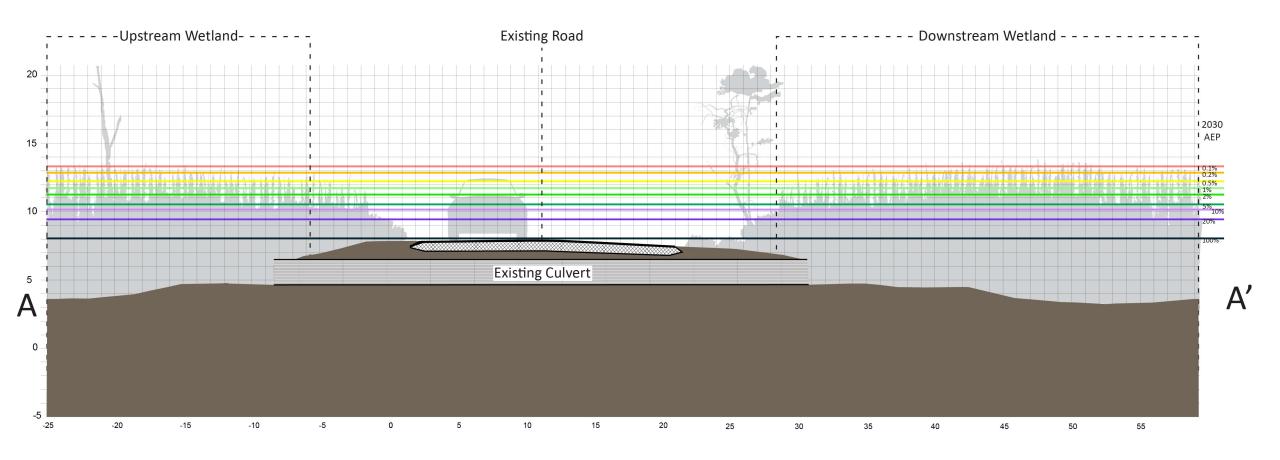


Note: Project overlap with wetland areas, rights of way and property lines is approximate and needs confirmation with a site survey

Route 6A at Quivett Creek

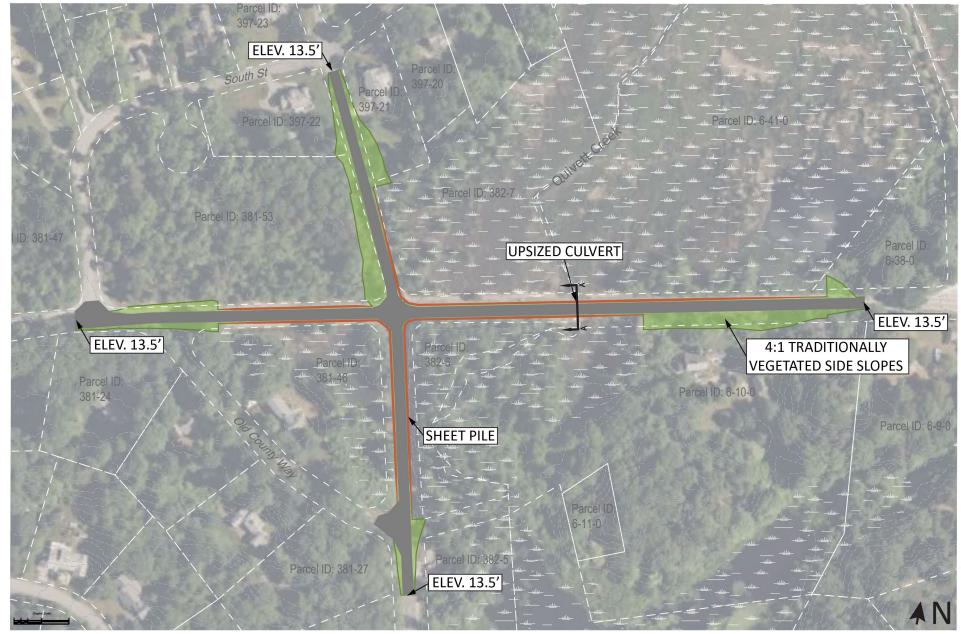


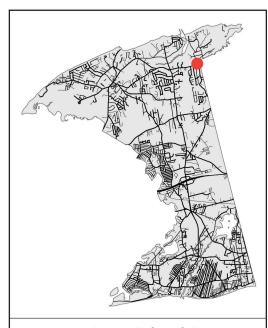
Route 6A at Quivett Creek



EXISTING CONDITIONS Route 6A at School Street, Dennis







Route 6A at School Street DENNIS

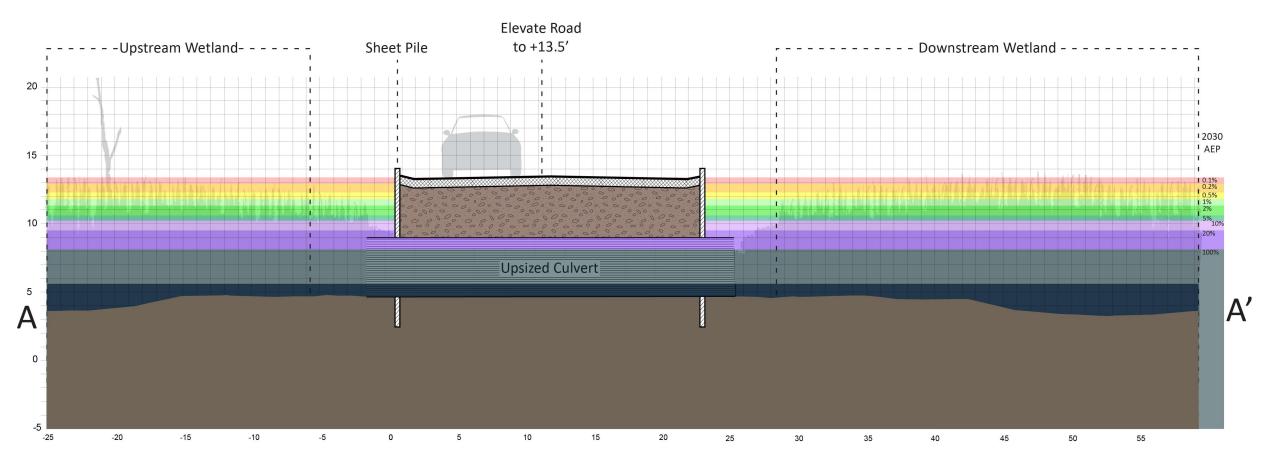
ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY

2410 linear feet of road are elevated to 13.5 feet using sheet pile and traditionally vegetated side slopes. The culvert under Route 6 is replaced with a larger culvert to facilitate future tidal flow. This alternative extends into Brewster, and collaboration with the neighboring town would be necessary.



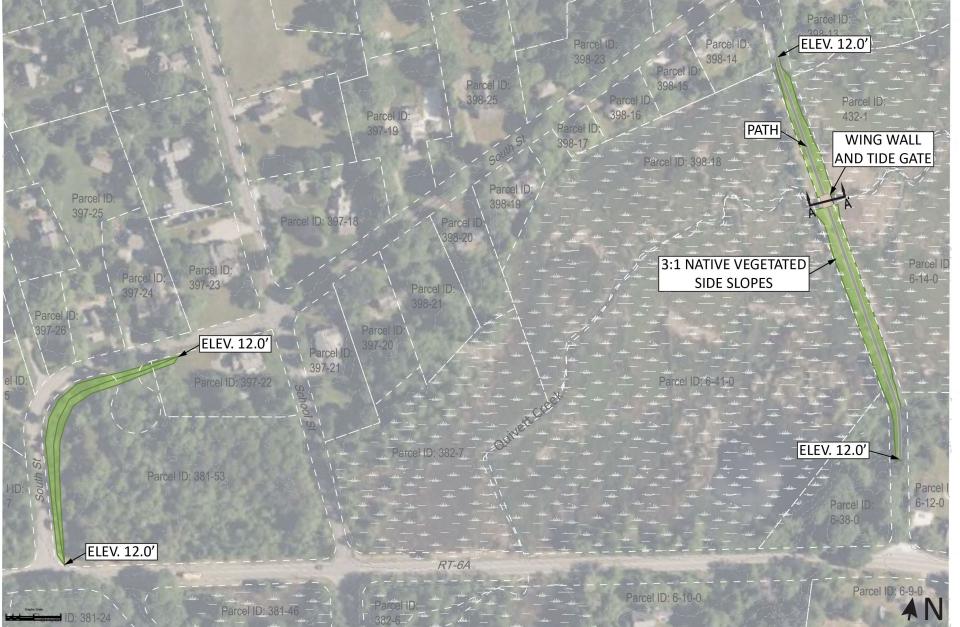
Note: Project overlap with wetland areas, rights of way and property lines is approximate and needs confirmation with a site survey

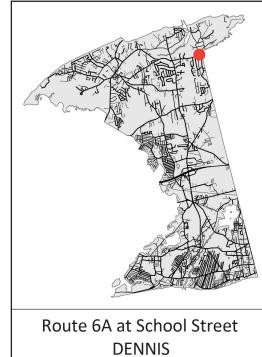
Route 6A at Quivett Creek



ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY
Route 6A at School Street, Dennis







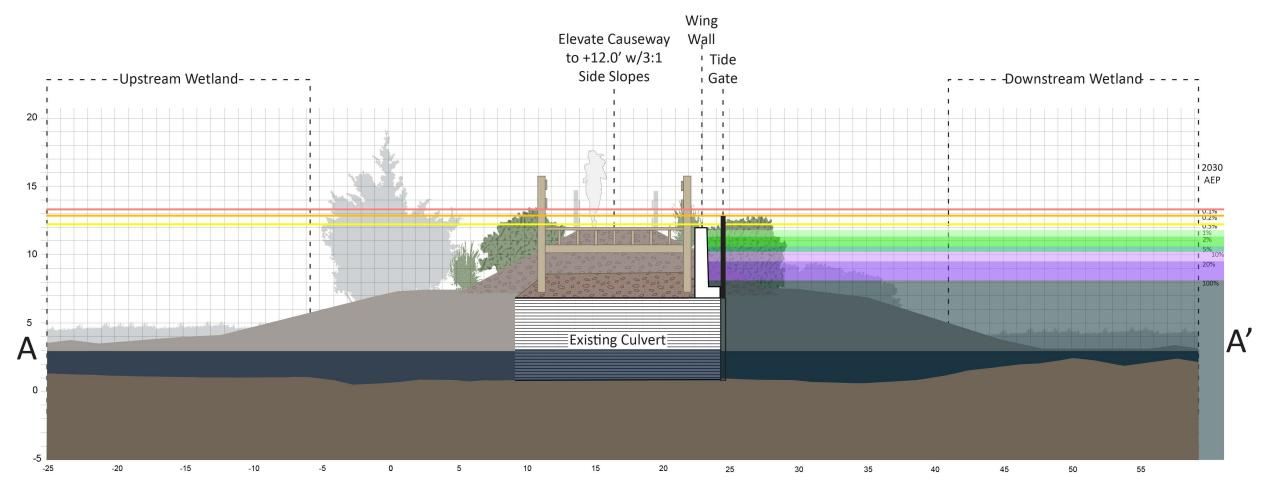
ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID

The Sea Street causeway over Quivett Creek is elevated to 12.0 feet with 3:1 native vegetated side slopes. A 6-foot wide shared use path with railings and new bridge over the culvert maintain safe pedestrian use. A concrete wing wall to 12.0 feet and tide gate are added to the existing culvert. A small berm to 12.0 feet is constructed along South Street to manage a flanking flood pathway.





Route 6A at Quivett Creek







ROUTE 6A at SCHOOL STREET, DENNIS

Summary of alternatives

	Description	Critical Elevation	Annual Ex	ceedance F	Probability 2070	Vulnerable to Tidal Flooding	Impacts to Resource Area(s)	Impacts to Private Property	Estimated Cost*
EXISTING	A road intersection with a culvert crossing and adjacent wetland.	7.5 feet	100%	100%	100%	2070	N/A	N/A	N/A
ALTERNATIVE 1: GRAY	2410 linear feet of road are elevated to 13.5 feet using sheet pile and traditionally vegetated side slopes. The culvert under Route 6 is replaced with a larger culvert to facilitate future tidal flow. This alternative extends into Brewster, and collaboration would be necessary.	13.5 feet	0%	1%	5%	N/A	Minimal	Minimal	\$6,000,000
ALTERNATIVE 2: HYBRID	The Sea Street causeway is elevated to 12.0 feet with 3:1 native vegetated side slopes. A 6-foot wide shared use path with railings and new bridge over the culvert maintain safe pedestrian use. A concrete wing wall to 12.0 feet and tide gate are added to the existing culvert. A small berm to 12.0 feet is constructed along South Street to manage a flanking flood pathway.	12.0 feet	0.5%	5%	20%	2070	Minimal	Minimal	\$446,000

^{*2023} installed material cost +40% escalation (through 2029) and 15% contingency. Excludes design, permitting, mobilization, stormwater and wastewater infrastructure, and site controls. Costs based on experienced contractor opinion and MassDOT costing data.

Discussion



- Route 6A at Betty's Curve
- Lower Road
- Route 6A at Quivett Creek

NEXT STEPS

- Comments! Use form on project webpages
 https://www.capecodcommission.org/our-work/low-lying-roads-project/
- Town staff to determine which projects, designs
 - Review of community input
 - Engineering, permitting
- Identify funding





Federal Bipartisan Infrastructure Law (BIL)

Federal Highway Administration

- PROTECT Competitive Resilience Improvement and Planning grants
- Culvert Aquatic Organism
 Passage Program competitive grants for the replacement, removal, and repair of culverts or weirs that meaningfully improve or restore fish passage for anadromous fish

[NEW] PROTECT Grants (discretionary)

Purpose	routes, and at-risk coastal infrastructure							
Funding								
Eligible entities	 State (or political subdivision of a State) MPO Local government Special purpose district or public authority with a transportation function Indian Tribe Federal land management agency (applying jointly with State(s)) Different eligibilities apply for at-risk coastal infrastructure grants 							
Eligible projects	 Highway, transit, intercity passenger rail, and port facilities Resilience planning activities, including resilience improvement plans, evacuation planning and preparation, and capacity-building Construction activities (oriented toward resilience) Construction of (or improvement to) evacuation routes 							
Other key provisions	 Higher Federal share if the eligible entity develops a resilience improvement plan (or is in a State or area served by MPO that does) and the State or MPO incorporates it into its long-range transportation plan May only use up to 40% of the grant for construction of new capacity 							





Nature Based Solutions, Ecological Restoration, Culverts

- FEMA Building Resilient Infrastructure and Communities (BRIC)
- National Coastal Resiliency Fund (NCRF) through National Fish and Wildlife Fund
- Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) through the Cape Cod Conservation District
- Municipal Vulnerability Preparedness Program (MVP)
- Division of Ecological Restoration (DER) Culvert Replacement Municipal Assistance Grant Program